

HUB public API manual

v1.19.3



embion

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1 Introduction


This document describes the public customer REST API available for the HUB portal. The API can be used to read plant, inverter and/or meter data and to control the plant, allowing users of the HUB portal to use these components in other platforms.

2 About this manual


2.1 Callouts

 Note

Used for notes in this documentation

 Warning


Used for warnings in this documentation

 Important

Used for important notes in this documentation

 Tip

Used for tips in this documentation

 Caution

Used for caution notes in this documentation

3 Getting started

3.1 HTTP status codes

The following HTTP status codes can be present in the responses:

| status | description |
|-------------------------|--|
| 200 - OK | The request was successfully processed |
| 401 - Unauthorized | The access token wasn't given, is invalid, and/or doesn't match with the given id |
| 403 - Forbidden | The access token is valid, but doesn't have the correct permissions for the endpoint |
| 429 - Too Many Requests | The maximum daily request limit of the token and/or the device has been reached |

3.2 Access tokens

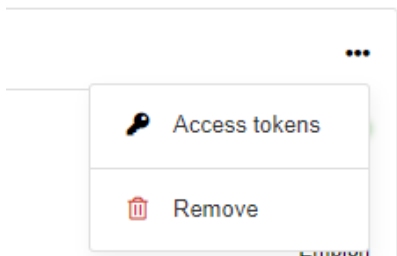
All endpoints in this API require authentication in the form of access tokens. These tokens are unique for each device and determine the permissions and the maximum requests that can be sent per day.

There is a default limit of 250 requests per device per day, each request counts towards this limit. It is possible to change the maximum requests per day per token, but do note that all requests count towards the 250 request limit of the device. Please contact Embion if more than 250 calls per device per day are required.

3.2.1 Generating tokens in the HUB.

For each individual device which needs to be read or controlled via the public API, a token needs to be generated. The token is generated and managed in the HUB portal (<https://api.hub.embion.nl>).

To generate or manage a token, open the specific device menu and open `access tokens`.



The menu shows all the currently available access tokens, and allows the user to create a new one. Per token the expiration date can be selected, and the uid's (meters and inverter) to which the token has read access can be selected.

i What if the `access tokens` option isn't present?

Users in the HUB portal can have various roles, which in turn have their own permissions. It is possible that you don't have the necessary permission to view and modify access tokens. Please make sure that the `Modify device tokens` permission is enabled, or ask another user to generate one.

i Tokens are generated per device

Please note, the tokens are generated per device. When multiple devices in one namespace need to be accessed by the API, a token per device needs to be generated.

! Limited number of API calls per day

The maximum number of API calls per day is limited per device (default to 250), independently of the number of tokens. The user is able to limit the number of calls per day for each token. If the total number of calls per day exceeds the 250 calls, the API will not return data for the current request.

3.2.2 Using tokens in the API

All endpoints require the access token value to be present in the `API-KEY` HTTP header of the request. Please note that any id references in the endpoints correspond to the id of the token.

Example header information:

```
API-KEY: wzae211vh4ddX1bwt4wdyX1eSjkcgt7dmpqwd5Xnk8amm
```

If the token isn't given, a response with HTTP status code 401 will be returned, including the following body:

```
[{"error": "Invalid \"id\" or \"token\" used"}]
```

4 API endpoints

In order to fetch data or control devices, you can send HTTP requests to the API endpoints described below. Filling in your own id, API-KEY and start_date where needed should return valid data.

i Date and time format

The ISO 8601 standard is used for all date and time values. In most cases, only the date and optionally the time zone needs to be sent in the requests.

Some valid date-time examples using the ISO 8601 standard:

| ISO 8601 notation | Start time / date | Time zone |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| 2022-12-14T08:00Z | 14-12-2022 8:00:00 | UTC |
| 2022-12-14T08:00 | 14-12-2022 8:00:00 | UTC |
| 2022-12-14T08Z | 14-12-2022 8:00:00 | UTC |
| 2022-12-14T08:00:00.000+0100 | 14-12-2022 8:00:00 | GMT+1 |
| 2022-12-14 | 14-12-2022 00:00:00 | UTC |
| 2022-12-14GMT+0100 | 14-12-2022 00:00:00 | GMT+1 |
| 2022-12 | 01-12-2022 00:00:00 | UTC |
| 2022 | 01-01-2022 00:00:00 | UTC |

4.1 Gzip compression

Gzip compression is a data optimization technique that reduces the size of the data transferred over the internet. When a requests is made to the public-API, it can compress the response data using Gzip. This means that the data sent from the server to the customer application is smaller in size, leading to faster responses and lower bandwidth usage.

| var | description | mandatory | format |
|-----------------------|---|-----------|--------|
| Accept-Encoding: gzip | Enables Gzip compression for all reply messages | No | string |

4.2 Get status endpoint

Method: GET | **URL:** `https://api.hub.embion.nl/v1/status`

This endpoint returns status information about the given device. The request does not have a body, but it requires a query parameter in order to work properly.

4.2.1 Request headers

This endpoint requires you to be authenticated using the API-KEY header (see [Access tokens](#) above).

| var | description | mandatory | format |
|---------|--|-----------|--------|
| API-KEY | contains the actual token value (generated in the HUB) | Yes | string |

4.2.2 Request query parameters

Query parameters must be appended to the URL, starting with a question mark (?) and separated by ampersands (&). For example: `https://example.com?var1=qwerty&var2=asdf`.

| var | description | mandatory |
|-----|--|-----------|
| id | unique id for the device to read (generated in the hub portal) | Yes |

4.2.3 Response body

| var | description | format |
|-----------------|---|--------|
| status | actual status of the plant | string |
| online | true if plant is online, false if offline | bool |
| last_contact | last contact in ISO 8601 layout | string |
| serial | serial number of device | string |
| version | actual software version of device | string |
| pn | product number of device | string |
| name | reference name of device | string |
| namespace | namespace location of device | string |
| status_message | returns the actual status message of the device | string |
| support_status | returns the actual support status, disabled or support ID when enabled | string |
| safe_state | true if safe_state is enabled on the device | bool |
| plant_control | idle, pending, sent, accepted, failed | string |
| epex_configured | True if the device has energy price control rules (defined in the energy pricing app), false if not | bool |

Example response body

 Status API call example

Example URL:

[https://api.hub.embion.nl/v1/status?id=\[id\]](https://api.hub.embion.nl/v1/status?id=[id])

Result:

```
{
  "status": "ok",
  "online": true,
  "last_contact": "2022-12-14T12:48:13.000Z",
  "serial": "0100211001090B",
  "version": "1.3.1",
  "pn": "GSE-A010-POE",
  "name": "main-solar",
  "namespace": "Embion",
  "status_message": "reducing inverters",
  "support_status": "A291D88",
  "safe_state": false,
```



```
"plant_control": "idle",  
"epex_configured": false  
}
```

4.3 Get plant data endpoint

Method: GET | **URL:** `https://api.hub.embion.nl/v1/plant`

This API endpoint returns data from the given plant. It does not have a body, but it does require a few query parameters in order to work properly.

4.3.1 Request headers

This endpoint requires you to be authenticated using the `API-KEY` header (see [Access tokens](#) above).

| var | description | mandatory | format |
|---------|--|-----------|--------|
| API-KEY | contains the actual token value (generated in the HUB) | Yes | string |

4.3.2 Request query parameters

Query parameters must be appended to the URL, starting with a question mark (?) and separated by ampersands (&). For example: `https://example.com?var1=qwerty&var2=asdf`

| var | description | mandatory | format |
|------------|--|-----------|--------|
| id | id of the token (generated in the HUB) | Yes | string |
| period | select data return period (q: 15 minute (default), h: hourly, w: weekly, d: daily, m: monthly, y: yearly, l: last sample) | No | string |
| range | time range to show, d = day (default), w = week, m = month, y = year | No | string |
| type | type of combination of multiple datapoints (min: min value in timerange, max: max value in timerange (default), avg: average value in timerange) | No | string |
| start_date | date of the first sample in ISO 8601 layout, if not set current day is used | No | string |

i Add time to start_date

Users can optionally add a time to start_date and thereby shifting the day interval. The total number of returned entries will stay identical. When no time is defined, a day is defined between 00:00:00 and 23:59:59 in the selected timezone.

i Default values

If as well start_date as range and period is not defined in the call, only the last stored sample is returned.

💡 Data time range

The user can define the start date, from which the first data point will be returned using 'start_date'. By defining period, the date return interval is selected. By defining range, the end-date/time relative to 'start_date' is selected, and so the number of entries returned.

i Result time limit

Please note for period q and h the maximum range is d (one day). For period d max range is w (one week). For period w max range is m (one month). For period m the max range is y (one year.)

4.3.3 Response body

The plant data is included in the JSON body of the response. The actual lay-out of the body varies depending on the query parameters given in the request. The following parameters can be present:

| var | description | units | format |
|-----------|---|----------|-----------------------------|
| timestamp | Timestamp of the measurement | ISO 8601 | string |
| psol | Actual solar power | 1 W | Integer |
| kdy | Cumulative daily yield | 1 Wh | Integer |
| run | # inverters in RUN state | - | Integer |
| warn | # inverters in WARN state | - | Integer |
| err | # inverters in ERR state | - | Integer |
| red | Actual reduction value (10000 == 100% => no reduction) Represents power limit | % | Integer |
| var1 | Free to use variable | - | Integer |
| var2 | Free to use variable | - | Integer |
| var3 | Free to use variable | - | Integer |
| var4 | Free to use variable | - | Integer |
| in1 | State of digital input 1 | - | Integer 0 or 1 (bool) |
| in2 | State of digital input 2 | - | Integer 0 or 1 (bool) |
| out1 | State of digital output 1 | - | Integer 0 or 1 (bool) |
| out2 | State of digital output 2 | - | Integer 0 or 1 (bool) |
| con | # of inverters connected to the gateway | - | Integer |
| pgrid | gridpower | 1 W | Integer |
| egi | Grid import energy | 1 Wh | Integer |
| ege | Grid export energy | 1 Wh | Integer |
| gil1 | Grid phase 1 current | 0.1 A | Integer |
| gil2 | Grid phase 2 current | 0.1 A | Integer |
| gil3 | Grid phase 3 current | 0.1 A | Integer |
| gul1 | Grid phase 1 voltage | 0.1 V | Integer |
| gul2 | Grid phase 2 voltage | 0.1 V | Integer |
| gul3 | Grid phase 3 voltage | 0.1 V | Integer |

Example response body**i** Plant API call example

The following request URL was used:

```
https://api.hub.embion.nl/v1/plant?id=[id]&period=q
&range=d&type=max&start_date=2022-12-14
```

Result:

```
{
  "timestamp": "2022-12-14T10:00:00.000Z",
  "con": 3,
  "ege": 3500,
  "egi": 2000,
  "err": 0,
  "in1": 1,
  "in2": 0,
  "out1": 0,
  "out2": 0,
  "gil1": 5,
  "gil2": 6,
  "gil3": 7,
  "gul1": 220,
  "gul2": 230,
  "gul3": 240,
  "kdy": 1010,
  "pgrid": 1000,
  "psol": 1750,
  "red": 10000,
  "run": 2,
  "var1": 1,
  "var2": 2,
  "var3": 3,
  "var4": 4,
  "warn": 1
},
{
  "timestamp": "2022-12-14T10:15:00.000Z",
  "con": 3,
  "ege": 4100,
  "egi": 2000,
```

```
"err": 0,  
"in1": 1,  
"in2": 0,  
"out1": 0,  
"out2": 0,  
"gil1": 56,  
"gil2": 63,  
"gil3": 78,  
"gul1": 2218,  
"gul2": 2301,  
"gul3": 2368,  
"kdy": 12010,  
"pgrid": -11600,  
"psol": 2000,  
"red": 10000,  
"run": 3,  
"var1": 1,  
"var2": 2,  
"var3": 3,  
"var4": 4,  
"warn": 0  
}
```

4.4 Get meter data endpoint

Method: GET | **URL:** `https://api.hub.embion.nl/v1/meter`

This API endpoint returns individual meter data. It does not have a body, but it does require a few query parameters in order to work properly.

4.4.1 Request headers

This endpoint requires you to be authenticated using the API-KEY header (see [Access tokens](#) above).

| var | description | mandatory | format |
|---------|--|-----------|--------|
| API-KEY | contains the actual token value (generated in the HUB) | Yes | string |

4.4.2 Request query parameters

Query parameters must be appended to the URL, starting with a question mark (?) and separated by ampersands (&). For example: `https://example.com?var1=qwerty&var2=asdf`

| var | description | mandatory | format |
|------------|--|-----------|--------|
| id | id of the token (generated in the HUB) | Yes | string |
| uid | the uid of the meter to read, only one uid can be entered | Yes | string |
| period | select data return period (q: 15 minute (default), h: hourly, w: weekly, d: daily, m: monthly, y: yearly, l: last sample) | No | string |
| range | time range to show, d = day (default), w = week, m = month, y = year | No | string |
| type | type of combination of multiple datapoints (min: min value in timerange, max: max value in timerange (default), avg: average value in timerange) | No | string |
| start_date | date of the first sample in ISO 8601 layout, if not set current day is used | No | string |

4.4.3 Response body

The meter data is included in the JSON body of the response. The actual lay-out of the body varies depending on the query parameters given in the request. Data that is not used by the given meter is left out from the response body. The following parameters can be present:

| var | description | units | format |
|-----------|------------------------------|----------------------|---------|
| timestamp | Timestamp of the measurement | ISO 8601 | string |
| actpow | Total active power | 1 W | Integer |
| apparpow | Total apparent power | 1 VA | Integer |
| reactpow | Total reactive power | 1 VAR | Integer |
| pf | Total powerfactor | 0.01 $\cos(\varphi)$ | Integer |
| pfl1 | Phase 1 powerfactor | 0.01 $\cos(\varphi)$ | Integer |
| pfl2 | Phase 2 powerfactor | 0.01 $\cos(\varphi)$ | Integer |
| pfl3 | Phase 3 powerfactor | 0.01 $\cos(\varphi)$ | Integer |
| actpowl1 | Phase 1 active power | 1 W | Integer |
| actpowl2 | Phase 2 active power | 1 W | Integer |
| actpowl3 | Phase 3 active power | 1 W | Integer |
| il1 | Phase 1 current | 0.1 A | Integer |
| il2 | Phase 2 current | 0.1 A | Integer |
| il3 | Phase 3 current | 0.1 A | Integer |
| vll12 | Phase1-2 line-line voltage | 0.1 V | Integer |
| vll13 | Phase1-3 line-line voltage | 0.1 V | Integer |
| vll23 | Phase2-3 line-line voltage | 0.1 V | Integer |
| vl1 | Phase1 to neutral voltage | 0.1 V | Integer |
| vl2 | Phase2 to neutral voltage | 0.1 V | Integer |
| vl3 | Phase3 to neutral voltage | 0.1 V | Integer |
| eimp | imported energy counter | 1 Wh | Integer |
| eexp | exported energy counter | 1 Wh | Integer |
| esolar | used solar energy counter | 1 Wh | Integer |
| egrid | used grid energy counter | 1 Wh | Integer |
| fgrid | Measured grid frequency | 0.01 Hz | Integer |
| thdul1 | Phase 1 voltage THD | 0.01 % | Integer |
| thdul2 | Phase 2 voltage THD | 0.01 % | Integer |
| thdul3 | Phase 3 voltage THD | 0.01 % | Integer |
| thdil1 | Phase 1 current THD | 0.01 % | Integer |
| thdil2 | Phase 2 current THD | 0.01 % | Integer |
| thdil3 | Phase 3 current THD | 0.01 % | Integer |
| gas | Used gas counter | 0.01 m3 | Integer |
| water | Used water counter | 0.01 m3 | Integer |
| heat | Used heat counter | 100 J | Integer |

| var | description | units | format |
|--------|----------------------|----------------|---------|
| radi | Measured radiation | 0.1 W/m2 | Integer |
| temp | Measured temperature | 0.1 C | Integer |
| humi | Measured humidity | 0.01 % | Integer |
| pres | Measured pressure | 1000 Pa | Integer |
| flow | Measured flow | 0.01 liter/min | Integer |
| weight | Measured weight | 1 gram | Integer |

Example response body

Meter API call example

The following request URL was used:

```
https://api.hub.embion.nl/v1/meter?id=[id]&uid=mtr1:1&period=q&range=d&type=max&start_date=2022-12-14
```

Result:

```
{
  "timestamp": "2022-12-14T08:00:00.000Z",
  "actpow": 1000,
  "actpow1": 100,
  "actpow2": 1200,
  "actpow3": -300,
  "apparpow": 1005,
  "eexp": 0,
  "egrid": 13541,
  "eimp": 36578912,
  "esolar": 31575661,
  "fgrid": 5011,
  "gas": 12300,
  "il1": 1000,
  "il2": 2000,
  "il3": 500,
  "pf": 30,
  "pf1": 50,
  "pf2": -50,
  "pf3": 100,
  "reactpow": 100,
  "thdil1": 100,
  "thdil2": 200,
```

```
    "thdil3": 140,  
    "thdul1": 111,  
    "thdul2": 15,  
    "thdul3": 109,  
    "ul1": 23011,  
    "ul2": 24011,  
    "ul3": 23544,  
    "ull12": 39821,  
    "ull13": 40201,  
    "ull23": 39098  
  },  
  {  
    "timestamp": "2022-12-14T08:15:00.000Z",  
    "actpow": 1000,  
    "actpow1": 100,  
    "actpow2": 1200,  
    "actpow3": -300,  
    "apparpow": 1005,  
    "eexp": 0,  
    "egrid": 13541,  
    "eimp": 36578912,  
    "esolar": 31575661,  
    "fgrid": 5011,  
    "gas": 15300,  
    "il1": 1000,  
    "il2": 2000,  
    "il3": 500,  
    "pf": 30,  
    "pfl1": 50,  
    "pfl2": -50,  
    "pfl3": 100,  
    "reactpow": 100,  
    "thdil1": 100,  
    "thdil2": 200,  
    "thdil3": 140,  
    "thdul1": 111,  
    "thdul2": 15,  
    "thdul3": 109,  
    "ul1": 23011,  
    "ul2": 24011,  
    "ul3": 23544,
```

```
"u1112": 39821,  
"u1113": 40201,  
"u1123": 39098  
}
```

4.5 Get inverter data endpoint

Method: GET | **URL:** `https://api.hub.embion.nl/v1/inverter`

This API endpoint returns individual inverter data. It does not have a body, but it does require a few query parameters in order to work properly.

4.5.1 Request headers

This endpoint requires you to be authenticated using the API-KEY header (see [Access tokens](#) above).

| var | description | mandatory | format |
|---------|--|-----------|--------|
| API-KEY | contains the actual token value (generated in the HUB) | Yes | string |

4.5.2 Request query parameters

Query parameters must be appended to the URL, starting with a question mark (?) and separated by ampersands (&). For example: `https://example.com?var1=qwerty&var2=asdf`

| var | description | mandatory | format |
|------------|--|-----------|--------|
| id | id of the token (generated in the HUB) | Yes | string |
| uid | the uid (unique identifier) of the inverter to read, only one uid can be entered | Yes | string |
| period | select data return period (q: 15 minute (default), h: hourly, w: weekly, d: daily, m: monthly, y: yearly, l: last sample) | No | string |
| range | time range to show, d = day (default), w = week, m = month, y = year | No | string |
| type | type of combination of multiple datapoints (min: min value in timerange, max: max value in timerange (default), avg: average value in timerange) | No | string |
| start_date | date of the first sample in ISO 8601 layout, if not set current day is used | No | string |

4.5.3 Response body

The inverter data is included in the JSON body of the response. The actual lay-out of the body varies depending on the query parameters given in the request. The body can contain the following parameters:

| var | description | units | format |
|-------------|--|-------------------|---------|
| timestamp | Timestamp of the measurement | ISO 8601 | string |
| stat | Inverter status | | Integer |
| kdy | Inverter daily yield | 1 Wh | Integer |
| pac | Inverter AC power | 1 W | Integer |
| ul1 | Inverter phase 1 voltage | 0.1 V | Integer |
| ul2 | Inverter phase 2 voltage | 0.1 V | Integer |
| ul3 | Inverter phase 3 voltage | 0.1 V | Integer |
| il1 | Inverter phase 1 current | 0.1 A | Integer |
| il2 | Inverter phase 2 current | 0.1 A | Integer |
| il3 | Inverter phase 3 current | 0.1 A | Integer |
| tmp1 | Inverter internal temperature 1 | 0.1 C | Integer |
| tmp2 | Inverter internal temperature 2 | 0.1 C | Integer |
| ilk | Inverter leakage current or isolation resistance | 0.0001 A | Integer |
| arc | Inverter arc detection status | | Integer |
| batpow | Battery power (+charge, -discharge) | 1 W | Integer |
| batcap | Remaining battery capacity | 1 Wh | Integer |
| batsoc | Battery State Of Charge | 0.1 % | Integer |
| batsoh | Battery State Of Health | 0.1 % | Integer |
| battemp | Battery temperature | 0.1 C | Integer |
| string_data | Individual string data (see table below) | stringdata | |

Definition of the **stringdata**:

| var | description | units | format |
|------|-------------------------------|-------|---------|
| sid | string number of inverter uid | | string |
| idc | String current | 0.1 A | Integer |
| udc | String voltage | 0.1 V | Integer |
| pdc | String power | 1 W | Integer |
| ydc | String daily yield | 1 Wh | Integer |
| sarc | String arc detection status | | Integer |

Example response body**i** Inverter API call example

The following request URL was used:

```
https://api.hub.embion.nl/v1/inverter?id=[id]
&uid=inv1:1&period=h&range=d&type=max&start_date=2022-12-14GMT+0100
```

Result:

```
{
  "timestamp": "2022-12-13T23:00:00.000Z",
  "arc": 0,
  "batcap": 0,
  "batpower": 0,
  "batsoc": 0,
  "batsoh": 0,
  "battemp": 0,
  "il1": 56,
  "il2": 63,
  "il3": 77,
  "ilk": 3,
  "kdy": 1100000,
  "pac": 10000,
  "string_data": [
    {
      "sid": "1",
      "idc": 50,
      "udc": 5000,
      "pdc": 2500,
      "sarc": 0
    },
    {
      "sid": "2",
      "idc": 60,
      "udc": 6000,
      "pdc": 3600,
      "sarc": 0
    }
  ],
  "stat": 1,
  "tmp1": 531,
```

```
    "tmp2": 366,  
    "ul1": 2301,  
    "ul2": 2405,  
    "ul3": 2508  
  },  
  {  
    "timestamp": "2022-12-14T00:00:00.000Z",  
    "arc": 0,  
    "batcap": 0,  
    "batpower": 0,  
    "batsoc": 0,  
    "batsoh": 0,  
    "battemp": 0,  
    "il1": 120,  
    "il2": 130,  
    "il3": 120,  
    "ilk": 3,  
    "kdy": 1200000,  
    "pac": 14000,  
    "string_data": [  
      {  
        "sid": "1",  
        "idc": 50,  
        "udc": 5000,  
        "pdc": 2500,  
        "sarc": 0  
      },  
      {  
        "sid": "2",  
        "idc": 60,  
        "udc": 6000,  
        "pdc": 3600,  
        "sarc": 0  
      }  
    ],  
    "stat": 1,  
    "tmp1": 551,  
    "tmp2": 346,  
    "ul1": 2301,  
    "ul2": 2405,  
    "ul3": 2508
```

```
},
```


4.6 Plant control endpoint

Method: POST | **URL:** `https://api.hub.embion.nl/v1/plantcontrol`

This API endpoint allows external control of the plant. The GSE will limit any given values to the plant maximum or minimum allowed values.

It is possible to send values that would exceed the capabilities of the plant, but the GSE will adjust to allowed values.

At least one of the control values should be given, when a certain control value is not given or the `valid_time` is exceeded, the control value is not actively controlled by the GSE.

When a plant control action was still active when sending a new command, the old command is overwritten and the return message is overwritten.

The endpoint can be triggered by sending a POST request to `https://api.hub.embion.nl/v1/plantcontrol`, with a JSON body described below.

4.6.1 Request headers

! Permission required

The `Control access` permission must be enabled for the token, an error response with a 403 HTTP status code will be returned otherwise.

This endpoint requires you to be authenticated using the `API-KEY` header (see [Access tokens](#) above).

| var | description | mandatory | format |
|---------|--|-----------|--------|
| API-KEY | contains the actual token value (generated in the HUB) | Yes | string |

4.6.2 Request body

⚠ Warning

Keep in mind that previously set limits are not remembered when a new command is sent, and that new commands overwrite the previous commands.

| var | description | mandatory | format | unit |
|---------------------|--|-----------|----------|------|
| id | id of the token (generated in the HUB) | Yes | string | |
| p_import_limit | Maximum grid import power | No | integer | W |
| p_export_limit | Maximum grid export power | No | integer | W |
| control_generation | min: minimise generation, max: maximize generation, nom: nominal generation | No | string | |
| control_consumption | min: minimise consumption, max: maximise consumption, nom: nominal consumption | No | string | |
| valid_time | Time in seconds that the given command stays active on the GSE (must be equal to or greater than 90). Will be infinite if the value is 0 or the variable wasn't given. | No | uinteger | s |

Example request body

```
{
  "id": "119mt001pj51d",
  "p_export_limit": 20000,
  "p_import_limit": 50000,
  "control_generation": "max",
  "control_consumption": "nom",
  "valid_time": 200
}
```

4.6.3 Response body

The response body contains info about whether the command was successfully sent. The body will be in the JSON format and contains the following parameters:

| var | description | format | optional |
|---------|--|---------|----------|
| success | Whether the command was sent (true = sent) | boolean | No |
| value | Optional description message | string | Yes |

The `value` field shows up if the command couldn't be sent or when an existing command was overwritten. The field can have any of the following values:

| var | description |
|----------------------|--|
| unsupported | The plant control feature is not supported on the device |
| disabled | The plant control feature is actively disabled by the device |
| valid_time_too_short | the <code>valid_time</code> field must be equal to or greater than 90, if it isn't this error is shown |
| offline | The device is offline |
| overwritten | The previous command will be overwritten |

Example response body

Plant control command successfully sent

```
{
  "success": true
}
```

Plant control command couldn't be sent (plant is offline)

```
{
  "success": false,
  "value": "offline"
}
```

4.6.4 Further explanation for control generation and consumption

The `control_generation` and `control_consumption` items can be used to control plant generation and consumption independently of the plant configuration.

Setting `control_generation` to `min` reduces the power generation to the minimum, resulting in solar power converters to shutdown and wind turbines to stop.

Setting `control_generation` to `nom` allows generation of solar and wind to operate normally.

Setting `control_generation` to `max` allows also the start of any extra generators (if available at plant).

Settings `control_consumption` to `min` reduces the controllable loads like heatpumps and EV-chargers to minimum consumption.

Settings `control_consumption` to `nom` enables normal controllable loads to operate within the plant limits.

Settings `control_consumption` to `max` increases the power for controllable loads to maximum. EV-chargers will increase charging power to maximum (within plant limits) and heat-pumps will increase or decrease setpoint to increase power consumption.



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